Annual Fish Passage Report - Rock Island Dam Columbia River, Washington, 1963

By Paul D. Zimmer and John H. Broughton

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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PAUL D. ZIMMER AND JOHN H. BROUGHTON

United States Fish and Wildlife Service

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Rock Island Dam, Columbia River, Wash.

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Ву

PAUL D. ZIMMER AND JOHN H. BROUGHTON

ABSTRACT

Fish utilizing the three fishways at RockIsland Dam in 1963 were counted from May 1 to October 30. The 106,554 salmon and steelhead trout counted exceeded the 1962 count by about 34,800 fish.

The count of 34,688 chinook salmon recorded in 1963 was well above the mean of 16,777 for the 30-year period 1933-62 and exceeded the 1962 count by only 534 fish. The count of 64,768 sockeye salmon exceeded the 30-year mean of 51,164 and was about 35,500 more than recorded in 1962. The coho salmon count of 20 in 1963 was about 25 percent of the 30-year mean of 83 and 3 percent of the record count of 737 in 1962. The steelhead trout count of 7,078 in 1963 was more than twice the 30-year mean of 3,336 and about 500 less than the number recorded in 1962. Fish other than salmon and steelhead trout passing through the fishways at Rock Island Dam in 1963 numbered 137,367, as compared to 164,574 in 1962, and exceeded the 1963 count of salmon and steelhead trout by about 30,800 fish.

Of the 106,554 salmon and steelhead trout passing Rock Island Dam in 1963, about 2 percent had evidence of injury about the head or body.

INTRODUCTION

Rock Island Dam, located on the Columbia River about 12 miles downstream from Wenatchee, Wash., has been in operation since 1933. The dam is owned and operated by Chelan County Public Utility District No. 1.

This report on passage of fish at Rock Island Dam during 1963 provides information on operation of fishways and numbers of fish using them.

Rock Island Dam has three fishways: one located on the right bank, another on the left bank, and the third approximately in the center of the dam. The bank fish ladders began operating in 1933, and the middle ladder in 1936. All three ladders have been modified since then.

Fish ascending Rock Island Dam ladders have been counted annually since 1933, the longest continuous record of Columbia River fish counts.

Included in this report are comments covering various fishery investigations at Rock Island Dam during 1963.

COUNTING PROCEDURES

Fish counting in 1963 began on May 1 and ended October 30. From May 1 through August 31, fish were counted 16 hours each day,

Note.--Paul D. Zimmer, Fishery Biologist (Management), and John H. Broughton, Fishery Technician, Bureau of Commercial Fisheries Program Office, Portland, Oreg.

starting at 5 a.m. and ending at 9 p.m. From September 1 through October 30, counting was reduced to 14 hours each day, starting at 6 a.m. and ending at 8 p.m., to conform with the available daylight.

Fish counters were allowed a 15-minute rest period at the end of each hour; during all periods of noncounting, ladders were closed to fish.

A covering of one-half inch thick plexiglass is mounted on floats over each counting board. This eliminates sunglare and water surface disturbances and permits clear observation of each fish.

ENUMERATION OF FISH

All species of fish using the fishways at Rock Island Dam are identified and recorded. Salmon and steelhead recorded are discussed separately, and all other species are included in the category "Miscellaneous Fish."

Chinook Salmon, Oncorhynchus tshawytscha

The chinook salmon count in 1963 of 34,688 (jacks included) was well above the mean of 16,777 for the 30-year period 1933-62. It was about 2 percent greater than the 1962 count, but only 68 percent of the record count of 50,713 in 1957 (table 1). Monthly totals of chinook salmon given in table 2 show a peak movement of these fish in August. Maximum day's count of chinook salmon (jacks excluded) was 430 on August 5 (table 3), as compared to 570 fish on August 10, 1962. Tables 4 and

Table 1.--Annual counts and periods of counting of salmon and steelhead trout at Rock Island Dam, 1933-631

Year	Chinook salmon	Steelhead trout	Sockeye salmon	Coho salmon	Total	Period of count
1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963	5,668 7,115 16,305 7,290 5,133 5,795 11,206 9,512 2,507 6,833 11,129 3,364 5,699 9,981 11,717 7,083 12,353 10,348 18,752 20,121 31,080 333,283 25,658 25,085 50,713 32,457 23,352 26,550 33,067 34,154 34,688	1,055 583 5,418 2,373 2,214 2,399 5,425 5,220 3,513 3,693 2,315 1,338 1,118 1,779 1,971 2,360 2,470 1,852 3,121 2,883 4,001 5,406 3,141 1,540 3,927 3,970 4,138 6,226 7,042 7,591 7,078	40,737 2,227 14,013 16,500 15,089 17,095 19,591 27,093 963 16,340 17,522 5,035 7,148 45,030 79,831 84,184 18,600 50,134 101,826 114,349 151,747 91,234 155,055 92,443 71,261 98,695 72,351 60,341 19,233 29,253 64,768	182 69 11 0 58 78 13 2 28 1 15 186 166 32 229 40 72 8 27 40 44 39 29 27 60 118 94 50 737 20	47,642 9,994 35,747 26,163 22,494 25,367 36,235 41,827 7,011 26,867 30,981 9,923 14,131 56,822 93,748 93,656 33,463 62,406 123,707 137,380 186,868 129,967 183,893 119,097 125,928 135,182 99,959 93,211 59,392 71,735 106,554	7/21- 9/23 7/31-12/31 1/1 -11/15 5/5 - 9/29 5/11-10/16 4/12-10/29 5/1 -12/9 3/5 -12/10 4/1 -12/8 4/10-11/30 4/5 -11/30 4/12-11/17 1/4 -11/5 1/1 -11/15 1/1 -11/15 1/1 -11/18 1/1 -12/31 1/1 -12/31 1/1 -12/31 1/1 -12/31 5/1 -9/30 5/1 -9/29 5/1 -9/30 5/2 -10/27 5/1 -10/27 5/1 -10/30

 $^{^{\}rm l}$ The above counts are now considered to be the official record of fish passing Rock Island Dam.

Table 2.--Monthly number of salmon and steelhead trout counted at Rock Island Dam, 1963

Species	May	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.	Total
Chinook	3,063	2,318	3,473	4,966	1,094	365	15,279
Chinook (jacks)	1,353	2,703	1,605	3,234	8,538	1,976	19,409
Steelhead	639	85	205	1,916	2,634	1,599	7,078
Sockeye	4	399	58,556	5,627	173	9	64,768
Coho	0	0	0	0	15	5	20
Totals	5,059	5,505	63,839	15,743	12,454	3,954	106,554

Table 3.--Maximum daily counts, salmon and steelhead, Rock Island Dam, 1963

Species	Date	Number of fish
Chinook (except jacks).	Aug. 5	430
Chinook (jacks)	Sept. 15	568
Steelhead	Sept. 15	201
Sockeye	July 15	4,601
Coho	Sept. 18	3

5 show semimonthly totals of the number and percentage of chinook salmon counted over each ladder. Of the chinook salmon (jacks excluded) that passed Rock Island Dam in 1963, 72.8 percent ascended the left ladder, while 13.7 and 13.5 percent ascended the middle and right ladders, respectively. In 1962, percentages of chinook salmon (jacks excluded)

that used the left, middle and right ladders were 65.6, 13.5, and 20.9, respectively.

Chinook Salmon Jacks

Some chinook salmon return from the ocean as mature fish the year following their seaward migration and are referred to as "jacks." These fish are small, and males predominate. At Rock Island Dam in 1963, all chinook salmon 24 inches or less were counted as jacks. Each counting board has a marked section, 24 inches long, for gauging the length of small chinook salmon. The maximum daily count of 568 fish occurred on September 15 (table 3), about 5 weeks later than in 1962. The 19,409 fish recorded as jacks constituted 56.0 percent of the total chinook salmon run as compared to 20.8 percent in 1962.

Table 5 shows the number and percentage of chinook salmon jacks counted over each fish ladder. In 1963, 72.2, 11.1, and 16.7 percent of the jacks used the left, middle, and right ladders, respectively, compared to 68.1, 13.1, and 18.8 percent in 1962. Monthly totals are in table 2.

Table 4.--Semimonthly number and percent of chinook salmon counted over each fish ladder, Rock Island Dam, 1963

(Jacks not included)

Dat	tes	Left 1	adder	Middle	ladder	Right	Total				
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
	1-15 16-31	1,549 996	88.8 75.6	1 ₀	0	196 174	11.2	1,745 1,318			
	1-15 16-30	407 1,084	57.0 67.6	231 359	32.4 22.4	76 161	10.6 10.0	714 1,604			
	1-15 16-31	1,468 1,037	68.2 78.4	436 214	20.3 16.2	247 71	11.5	2,151 1,322			
0	1-15 16-31	2,386 1,166	70.0 74.9	414 230	12.1 14.8	609 161	17.9 10.3	3,409 1,557			
-	1-15 L6-30	532 283	76.8 70.6	27 17	3.9 4.2	² 134 101	19.3 25.2	693 401			
	1-15 16-30	115 95	65.0 50.5	7 6	3.9 3.2	55 87	31.1 46.3	177 188			
Total	Ls	11,118	72.8	2,089	13.7	2,072	13.5	15,279			

Middle ladder inoperative from May 1-20.

² Right ladder inoperative for several hours on Sept. 1. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

Table 5.--Semimonthly number and percent of chinook salmon jacks counted over each fish ladder,
Rock Island Dam, 1963

Dates	Left 1	adder	Middle	ladder	Right	ladder	Total
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
May 1-15	205	89.5	1 ₀	0	24	10.5	229
16-31	744	66.2		22.5	127	11.3	1,124
June 1-15	880	56.4	447	28.6	234	15.0	1,561
16-30	606	53.1	393	34.4	143	12.5	1,142
July 1-15	508	58.9	142	16.5	212	24.6	862
16-31	552	74.3	99	13.3	92	12.4	743
Aug. 1-15	955	82.2	82	7.1	124	10.7	1,161
16-31	1,630	78.6	216	10.4	227		2,073
Sept. 1-15	3,947	81.2	154	3.2	² 759	15.6	4,860
16-30	2,777	75.5	209	5.7	692	18.8	3,678
Oct. 1-15	834	64.4	114	8.7	348	26.9	1,296
16-30	375	55.2	37	5.4	268	39.4	680
Totals	14,013	72.2	2,146	11.1	3,250	16.7	19,409

¹ Middle ladder inoperative from May 1-20.

Sockeye Salmon, Oncorhynchus nerka (Blueback or red)

The sockeye salmon count of 64,768 was greater than the 30-year mean of 51,164 (table 1). In 1963, peak of the run was reached on July 15 when 4,601 fish were counted through the fishways at Rock Island Dam. In 1962, peak count of 2,541 occurred on July 21. Table 6 shows semimonthly totals of the number and percentage of sockeye salmon counted over each ladder.

Of the sockeye salmon passing Rock Island Dam in 1963, 65.6 percent ascended the left ladder, while 20.4 and 14.0 percent ascended the middle and right ladders, respectively. Distribution of sockeye to the three ladders in 1963 varies considerably from the 48.3 percent using the left, 21.7 percent the middle, and 30.0 percent the right ladders in 1962. Other data pertaining to the sockeye salmon daily counts are in tables 9-14. Monthly totals of sockeye salmon counted in 1963 are given in table 2. In 1963, about 92 percent of the total run of sockeye salmon passed through the ladders in July, compared to about 75 percent in 1962.

Coho Salmon, Oncorhynchus kisutch (Silver)

The coho salmon count of 20 fish in 1963 was about 25 percent of the 30-year mean of 83 fish and less than 3 percent of the 1962 peak count of 737 fish (table 1). Additional data are shown in tables 2, 7, and 9-14. Maximum day's count of three fish occurred on September 18 (table 3). In 1962, maximum day's count of 70 fish occurred on September 27. The first coho salmon was counted at Rock Island Dam on September 2, 1963, compared to August 27 in 1962. Of the coho salmon passing the dam in 1963, 40 percent used the left ladder, 40 percent the middle, and 20 percent the right (table 7). In 1962, percentages of coho were 77.3 percent, left ladder; 3.9 percent, middle; and 18.8 percent, right. Sizeable returns of coho salmon were expected in 1962 as a result of liberations from Winthrop National Fish Hatchery located on the Methow River upstream from Rock Island Dam. The low count of coho salmon at Rock Island Dam in 1963 was anticipated since there were no hatchery fish expected to return that

² Right ladder inoperative for several hours on Sept. 1. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

Table 6.--Semimonthly number and percent of sockeye salmon counted over each ladder, Rock Island Dam, 1963

Dates	Left]	adder	Middle	ladder	Right	ladder	Total
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
May 1-15 16-31	0 4	0 100.0	1 0 1 0	0	0	0	0 4
June 1-15 16-30	3 199	33.3 51.0	6 133	66.7 34.1	0 58	0 14.9	9 390
July 1-15 16-31	18,631 19,842	65.0 66.3	6,044 5,823	21.1 19.5	3,973 4,243	13.9 14.2	28,648 29,908
Aug. 1-15 16-31	3,186 464	65.1 63.5	1,081 137	22.1 18.7	629 130	12.8 17.8	4,896 731
Sept. 1-15 16-30	116 11	75.3 57.9	9 1	5.9 5.3	² 29 7	18.8 36.8	154 19
Oct. 1-15 16-30	7 0	77.8 0	1 0	11.1	1 0	11.1	9
Totals	42,463	65.6	13,235	20.4	9,070	14.0	64,768

¹ Middle ladder inoperative from May 1-20.

Table 7.--Semimonthly number and percent of coho salmon counted over each ladder, Rock Island Dam, 1963

Da	ates	Left 1	adder	Middle	ladder	Right	ladder	Total
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
May	1-15 16-31	0	0	1 0 1 0	0	0	0	0
June	1-15 16-30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July	1-15 16-31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aug.	1-15 16-31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept.	1-15 16-30	1 3	33.3 25.0	0 7	0 58.3	² 2 2	66.7 16.7	3 12
Oct.	1-15 16-30	2 2	66.7 100.0	1 0	33.3	0	0	3 2
Tota	als	8	40.0	8	40.0	4	20.0	20

¹ Middle ladder inoperative from May 1-20.

² Right ladder inoperative for several hours on Sept. 1. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

² Right ladder inoperative for several hours on Sept. 1. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

Steelhead Trout, Salmo gairdneri

The steelhead trout count of 7,078 fish in 1963 was slightly more than twice the 30-year mean of 3,336 (table 1).

In 1963, the greatest number of steelhead passed through the fishways in September when 2,634 fish were recorded (table 2). Peak monthly movement of these fish in 1962 was also in September when 3.429 fish were counted.

Of the steelhead passing Rock Island Dam in 1963, 76,3 percent used the left ladder, while 8.0 and 15.7 percent ascended the middle and right ladders, respectively (table 8). In 1962, percent utilization by ladder was left, 70.7; middle, 12.1; and right, 17.2 percent. Additional data pertaining to the movement of steelhead trout at Rock Island Dam are in tables 9-14.

Maximum day's count in 1963 was 201 on September 15 (table 3), compared to 284 on September 28 in 1962.

Miscellaneous Fish

In 1963, species of fish passing Rock Island Dam other than salmon and steelhead trout were counted as in former years. Data pertaining to these fish are in tables 15-20. No claims are made as to complete accuracy of identification of these fish; however, the degree of accuracy is consistent with that maintained at other dams on the Columbia River and the data may be used as a rough index of abundance of these fish. In 1963, about 138,000 fish other than salmon and steelhead trout passed the dam. In 1962, 165,000 such fish were counted. These species included largescale sucker, Catostomus macrocheilus; longnose sucker, Catostomus catostomus; squawfish, Ptychocheilus oregonense; Rocky Mountain whitefish, Prosopium williamsoni; Columbia River chub, Mylocheilus caurinus; chiselmouth, Acrocheilus alutaceus; carp, Cyprinus carpio; lamprey, Entosphenus tridentatus; shad, Alosa sapidissima; Dolly Varden trout, Salvelinus malma; and rainbow trout, Salmo gairdneri. The number of miscellaneous species of fish passing through the fishways in 1963 exceeded the count of salmon and steelhead by about 30,800 fish.

Table 8.--Semimonthly number and percent of steelhead trout counted over each ladder, Rock Island
Dam, 1963

Dates	Lef	t ladder	Middle	ladder	Right	Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
May 1-1	5 287	74.4	ı 0	0	99	25.6	386
16-3	1 126	49.8	¹ 23	9.1	104	41.1	253
June 1-1	5 . 34	47.9	17	23.9	20	28.2	71
16-3	0 9	64.3	2	14.3	3	21.4	14
July 1-1	5 32	56.1	13	22.8	12	21.1	57
16-3	1 106	71.6	19	12.8	23	15.6	148
Aug. 1-1	5 540	73.9	88	12.1	102	14.0	730
16-3	1 889	74.9	142	12.0	155	13.1	1,186
Sept. 1-1	5 1,002	83.4	56	4.6	2 144	12.0	1,202
16-3	0 1,167	81.5	100	7.0	165	11.5	1,432
Oct. 1-1	5 656	72.9	72	8.0	172	19.1	900
16-3	0 552	79.0	31	4.4	116	16.6	699
Total	5,400	76.3	563	8.0	1,115	15.7	7,078

Middle ladder inoperative from May 1-20.

² Right ladder inoperative for several hours on Sept. 1. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

Table 9. -- Daily air and water temperatures, stream flows, and fish counts, Rock Island Dam, May, 1963

Total	Number	254	95	9	62	64	11.5	121	128	175	252	335	292	160	7,36	500	202	377	232	219	217	8	16	19	ଯ	7 <u>7</u> 2	262	526	125	109	218	
Steel- head	Number	17	12	8	25	17	15	37	37	35	29	35	R	19	24	R	25	56	16	27	8	15	0.	†	ر <i>ب</i>	16	は	15	12	m	15	
Coho	Number	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sockeye	Number	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	m	0	0	0	Н	
Chinook	Number	37	85	8	37	32	100	87	16	140	223	300	262	141	389	170	177	351	213	192	197	2	76	15	15	156	238	21.1	113	106	202	1
Stream	C.f.s.	126,700	125,800	125,800	131,900	134,500	131,900	143,900	145,800	152,800	132,700	124,100	122,400	97,000	93,600	106,300	110,100	111,700	115,000	119,900	123,300	180,400	212,200	219,000	201,102	203, 700	200,900	221,200	226,900	235,600	237,500	4
temperatures ²	단	8 5	45	45	45	94	24	9†	24	24	24	747	747	64	64	647	64	5,0	2	20	51	51	51	29	51	52	52	52	52	52	52	
Water temp	터	8 3	45	45,	45	94	24	24	2	87	84	87	647	64	20,	. 62	. 2	. 2	.17	51	52	52	52	57	52	52	53	53	53	53	53	1,000 000 41
temperatures ¹	E4	3 3	2	47	51	77	20	757	743	全	43	55	41	45	54	.8	50	20,	52	57	57	62	62	8	65	55	8	57	62	62	57	(
Air temp Max.	CE,	68	65	54,	61	89	29	73	72	82	80	8	20	75	2	82	85	.8	88	92	8	8	84	8	85	80	82	98	92	8	92	
Date		May 1	J M).4	5	9	7	ω	6	9	11	12	13	7,7	15	16	17	-87	19	8	12	22	23	78	25	56	27	58	29	8	ಡ	1 02-

Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer.
² Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder.

Total	Number 1 25 3 4 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Steel- head	Number 111 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124
Coho	Number 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Sockeye	Number 000000000000000000000000000000000000
Chinook	Number 237 237 237 237 237 237 237 237 237 237
Stream	1. f. s.
temperatures Min.	
Water tem	88888888377888877888888888888888888888
temperatures1	# 1000 100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
Air temp Max.	#\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Date	8883838586855555569876555555555555555555555555

1 Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer.
2 Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder.

Table 11. -- Daily air and water temperatures, stream flows, and fish counts, Rock Island Dam, July, 1963

Total	Number	574	511	792	765	1,342	1,680	1,956	1,445	1,394	1,962	2,076	3,027	4,734	4,717	4,743	3,114	3,446	2,782	3,693	3,300	2,863	2,929	1,970	954	926	521	709	1,094	1,520	1,350	920	
Steel-	Number	3	CI	Ч	7	77	. 0	6	. ณ	77	m	<u>\</u>	႕	m	ι.V.	12	2	7†	Н	7	Φ	9	13	12	a	10	9	07	Ħ	15	1.8	25	
Coho	Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sockeye	Number	285	287	1484	521	1,023	1,401	1,719	1,291	1,238	1,819	1,971	2,893	4,567	4,548	4,601	2,986	3,300	2,653	3,572	3,116	2,734	2,725	1,814	988	841	475	633	1,015	1,267	1,138	753	
Chinook	Number	286	222	307	243	314	279	228	152	151	140	100	133	164	164	130	123	142	128	777	716	123	191	147	99	110	97	99	88	238	194	745	
Stream	C.f.s.	242,100	251,700	246,200	240,500	242,200	239, 200	231,700	225,600	239, 100	231,500	235,500	218,700	214,300	217,000	201,700	217,700	223,700	226,700	228,200	210,700	200,600	199,000	183,200	•	154,400	130,900	131,900	130,700	130,700	130,500	125,200	
temperatures ²	0 F1	57	28	58	59	59	26	29	59	29	23	28	59	59	50.00	59	8	8	8	8	8	61	61	61	8	8	8	8	8	61	19	19	
Water temp	ە بى	28	*3	8	8	8	8	59	8	59	59	8	8	8	8	9	61	61	61	62	62	62	62	62	61	79	61	19	62	63	63	63	
temperatures1	o 작	54	99	62	2	29	65	63	26	56	1 79	65	65	65	02	62	58	ZZ	65	62	65	8	65	55	8	8.	62	69	89	69	65	29	
Air tempe	o 달	186	92	46	92	89	85	83	80	88	80	8	8	76	98	62	88	88	92	46	93	8.	P.	80	82	48	95	95	35	93	93	63	
Date		July 1		C	7	5	.9		8	0,	97	11	12	13	174	1.5	16	17	18	19	ଯ	72	22	23	1 78	25	92	27	සි	29	8	펐	

¹ Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer.
² Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder.

	Total	Number	639	629	836	1,270	1,081	687	245	359	7462	245	725	1405	538	588	781	899	669	081	Ott+	421	024	243	256	301	1 0 C	ZT.	203 141	305	330	115	
Steel-	head	Number	16	1.7	18	34	† ₇ † ₇	33	33	39	24	84	† ₁ † ₁	20	96	901	92	1 79	108	372	88	1	137	99	69	m-	0.4	7-1-1	7 ((53	(\$\frac{1}{2}	೫	
	Coho	Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0 0	> () C	0	0	0	
	Sockeye	Number	7,90	380	964	902	513	694	360	222	242	199	152	132	154	1,92	189	238	† ₇ ∠	2	29	51	77.	24	55	Ω (()	χ χ	ν (0 0	7 8	13	12	
	Chinook	Number	133	232	322	530	524	287	154	8	180	300	529	203	588	862	200	246	517	295	284	259	212	129	132	185	0 10) o O I r	1,70 7,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00	2007	568	73	
Stream	flow	C.f.s.	126,600	123,800	114,500	119,800	•	111,700	113,100	107,700	104,800	103,400	106,100	105,600	107,400	111,800	116,400	116,000	115,800	111,500	107,400	106,000	108,700	107,400	104,600	102,000	000,	0T, 900	00,00	75,000	60,000	65,900	
temperatures2	Min.	단 0	15	79	62	62	63	63	63	49	49	49	1	1	49	63	63	63	63	62	63	62	62	62	29	62	29	70	N 0	0 0 0	62	63	
Water te	Max.	o 파.	63	63	63	49	† 9	65	65	65	65	65	1	1	65	† 79	† 79	65	t ₉	1 9	† 9	63	63	63	63	63	m (0	500	400	0.60	75,	† 9	
temperatures1	Min.	는 된 이	63	65	63	72	77	202	68	29	2	2.2	1.2	29	72	L 29	61	63	29	20	28	62	59	63	62	9	55	200	200	29.5	.8,	65	
Air tempe	Ž	· 타	85	8	76	101	96	,8	95	101	95	8	8	95	66	85	88	8	93	8	82	81	85	82	ව	S 1	0,0	200	8 8	25	93	86	
	Date		Aug. 1		100).4	. R.	0		-00	0	10,	Ħ	12	13	14	15	16	17	87	19	8	ਹ	22	23	77	0 (9 10	iv c	2 8) R	전	

1 Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer. 2 Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder.

Table 13. -- Daily air and water temperatures, stream flows, and fish counts, Rock Island Dam, September, 1963

Total	Number	219	317	370	904	787	332	318	756	764	612	1483	618	459	1 96	864	478	004	580	230	298	310	465	249	247	385	279	397	568	262	301	
Steel- head	Number	84	37	57	88	82	73	57	20.	36,	86	16	89	477	85	201	125	101	53	58	72	69	54	141	170	154	101	113	75	88	75	
Coho	Number	0	Н	0	0	0	Н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Н	0	0	m	N	Ø	0	0	0	CU	Н	٦	0	Н	0	0	
Sockeye	Number	6	39	7,7	54	18	12	īU	7	. 7	7	٦	N	m	Q	10	<u></u>	a	0	0	0	m	H	Ч	Ч	a	Н	Н	0	0	2	
Chinook	Number	162	540	239	294	387	948	256	361	457	522	391	527	342	1.2.4	652	348	297	224	170	224	238	470	200	374	228	173	283	192	194	224	+howmome+or
Stream flow	C.f.s.	54,900	34,000	37,900	27,900	56,200	64,800	54,000	54, 300	54,400	57,800	74,300	74,600	45,300	14,800	63,200	71,400	80,800	61,600	96,900	60,600	53,800	54,400	53,400	45,200	45,600	45,300	45,200	45,300	45,500	66,700	minimin +homm
temperatures ²	단	63	62	† 9	63	63	63	† ₉	49	49	† 79	49	49	49	63	63	63	63	62	62	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	meximin one mixem
Water temp	٠ ۲۱°	1 79	† 79	1 9	1 9	† ₉	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	49	179	63	63	63	63	t ₉	179	63	179	† 9	t ₉	t ₉	179	† ₉	t9	179	1 79	+ im deve+
temperatures K. Min.	o 단	2	8	8	28	69	65	29	.69	65	69	49	69	29	52	84	55	84	53	64	54	56	57	57	64	54	57	8	65	70	8	W O Y O
Air tempe	o Fi	98	85	85	93	95	93	76	5	76	. 68	96	91	82	75	72	65	75	7.7	80	82	8	98	75	82	85	82	88	8	93	85	+ omneret
Date		Sept. 1		M	7	5	Ó	2	8	6	10	H	12	13	17	15	91	ĽT	18	19	ର	12	22	23	74	25,	56	27	28	62	8	1 12 4

Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder. Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer. C)

Total	Number 2554 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Steel-	Number 25 633 6653 765 68 63 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72
Coho	Number o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
Sockeye	Number 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Chinook	Number 201 196 196 196 196 196 196 196 196 196 19
Stream	3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 6, 6, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,
temperatures ²	* 4888884848484848888888888888888888888
Water tem	£ 44500000000000000000000000000000000000
temperatures1	583383573555775877585735857388559
Air tempe	# 88 4 7 8 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Date	

1 Air temperatures were taken with maximum and minimum thermometer.
2 Water temperatures were taken with a thermograph located in the middle ladder.

Table 15. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, May 1963

10,005 Total Rainbow trout S Varden Dolly 0 Shad 0 Lamprey 0 fish Carp 0 (Number of Chub 25 Whitefish L18L8 845846544466464686646866468664 516 ۲, Squawfish 858 Sucker 7,604 12 Total 1004506001 Date May

Table 16. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, June 1963

	Total	2001 1,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	29,670
	Rainbow trout	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	6
	Dolly Varden	0000H000000000000000000000000000000000	г
	Shad	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
of fish)	Lamprey	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	14
	Carp	000100000000101000000000000000000000000	ω
(Number	Chub	01 4 0 0 0 1 8 1 8 8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1,645
()	Whitefish	8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	606
	Squawfish	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,431
	Sucker	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	21,653
	Date	Tube 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Total

Table 17. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, July 1963

	Total	4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	23, 323	
	Rainbow trout	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	9	
	Dolly Varden	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	47	
	Shad	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	2	
	Lamprey	0 N T N M O O H O O M O O H O O M O O H O O H O O M O O H O O M O O H O O M O O H O O M O O H O O H O O M O O M O O H O O M O	47	
(TT T T T)	Carp	00m000m01000m0001r01	64	
TAGENT \	Chub	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,162	
	Whitefish	552888854515851 - 15851 - 1588888 - 1588888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 158888 - 1588888 - 1588888 - 1588888 - 158	938	
	Squawfish	688 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	3,379	
	Sucker	1, 4, 425 1, 1, 4, 425 1, 4, 425 1, 4, 425 1, 4, 425 1, 1, 1, 4, 425 1, 1, 1, 4, 425 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 425 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	17,742	
	Date	11 y 11 y 12 y 13 y 13 y 13 y 13 y 13 y	Total	

Table 18. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, August 1963

Aug.

25,530 Total Rainbow trout 15 Varden 5 Shad 0 Lamprey 112 ر, fish) 146 HOHWOOWHO JOHNUMHOF 44 OOMM4HH Carp of Number 248889358318878189688278866 Chub 220 'n Whitefish 629 ત્રે Squawfish 1,024 349 Sucker 19, Total Date

Table 19. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, September 1963

Total	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	35,574
Rainbow	40000400000000000000000000000000000000	13
Dolly Varden	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	a
Shad	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
Lamprey	\$55.827.835.85.95.85.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05.05	1,375
Carp	000044 mm0 r4 0 mor4 0 mr 4 0 mr 4 0 0 H	107
Chub	193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193	1,817
Whitefish	23.3 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5	5,410
Squawfish	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	3,215
Sucker	1, 234 646 676 676 676 770 770 770 770 770 770 77	23, 635
Date	Sept. 10 84 70 70 00 11 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	Total

Table 20. -- Miscellaneous fish counted, Rock Island Dam, September 1963

1, 868 8,108 8,007 13,265 Total Rainbow trout 9 Varden Do11y 0 Shad 0 Lamprey 256 wvv020547774400000000 Carp 寸 Chub 397 Whitefish 5,808 Squawfish 314 L, Sucker 044 5 Total Date Oct.

WEATHER AND RIVER DISCHARGE DATA

Headwater and tailwater elevations are plotted on figures 1 and 2. Air temperatures were taken twice daily by maximum and minimum thermometer. A continuous record of water temperatures was taken by thermograph at the middle fish ladder. Daily records of weather conditions and stream flows are shown in tables 9-14. Average daily river discharge data are plotted on figure 3. Maximum daily discharge of 308,400 c.f.s. on June 17 was 18,900 c.f.s. less than the 1962 record high discharge of 326,900 c.f.s. on June 5. Maximum water temperature in 1963 of 65° F. occurred August 6-10, 13, 16, and September 6-12. In 1962, maximum water temperature of 65° F. occurred on July 28 and 29.

ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVATIONS

Wanapum Dam was completed in 1963, and subsequent filling of the reservoir materially altered the fish approach conditions to the Rock Island Dam fishways. The ability of fish to locate the fishways at Rock Island Dam, or any other dam, depends in large part upon the influence of fishway flows on existing tailwater conditions. In 1963, modifications were made to the middle and left ladders for

fishway operation with the Wanapum Dam reservoir encroachment. An evaluation study of effects of Wanapum reservoir encroachment on fish passage at Rock Island Dam is to begin in 1964 as required by Federal Power Commission order of October 24, 1962.

Prior to 1963, changes in tailwater conditions at Rock Island Dam were quite uniform in their seasonal variations. Normally, highest tailwater conditions occurred in May and June with a reasonably consistent and steady lowering of the water level through August, September, and October. During the fish counting season in 1962, highest tailwater elevation of 575.9 occurred in June; the lowest elevation, 548.4, on October 6. In 1963, the highest tailwater elevation of 577.9 also occurred in June; however, the lowest tailwater elevation of 558.0 on May 14 (fig. 2) was 9.6 feet higher than the lowest reading in 1962. Most pronounced differences in tailwater conditions at Rock Island Dam between 1962 and 1963 occurred from July 1 to the end of the counting season in October. In 1962, tailwater elevation on July 1 was 569.8; by October 6, it had declined to 548.4. In 1963, tailwater elevation on July 1 was 573.6, 3.8 feet higher than in 1962; the lowest recorded between that date and the end of counting was 566.8 on October 18, or 18.4 feet higher than the previous

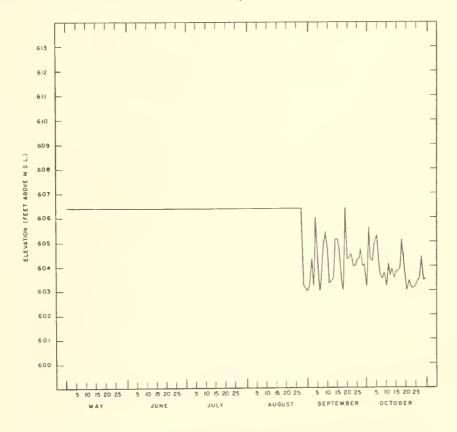


Figure 1.--Headwater elevations, Rock Island Dam, May 1 to October 30, 1963.

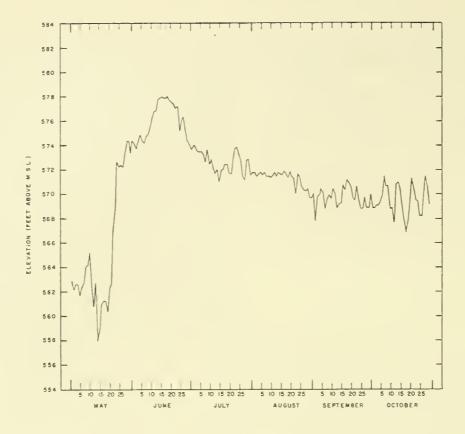


Figure 2.-- Tailwater elevations, Rock Island Dam, May 1 to October 30, 1963.

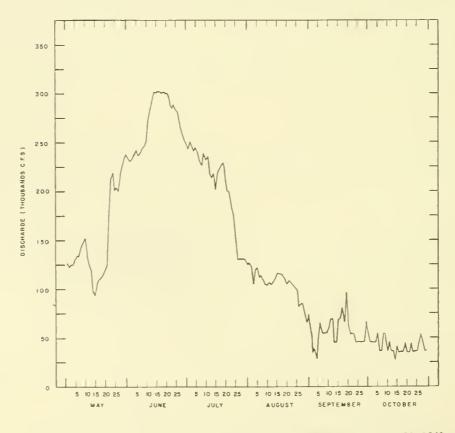


Figure 3.--Daily river discharge, Rock Island Dam, May 1 to October 30, 1963.

Movement of fish through the fishways at Rock Island Dam in 1963 also was affected by fluctuations of the Rock Island pool. On many occasions during September and October, the pool level was so low that insufficient water was available for proper operation of the fishways. This affected movement of fish to and through the ladders and required daily changes in fishway weir operations.

In comparing data on movement of fish through each of the fish ladders in 1963 (tables 4-8) with similar data for 1962, many differences are noted in the percent utilization by species in each of the three ladders.

During 1963, fish were observed with cuts or abrasions on their bodies. Of 106,554 salmon and steelhead observed as they passed over the counting boards, 2,209 fish, about

Table 21.--Injured fish observed at Rock Island Dam, May 1 to October 30, 1963

			Total	Injured fish observed									
			fish	Left	Middle	Right							
Da		Species	counted	ladder	ladder	ladder	Total						
May	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Steelhead	1,745 229 386	21 1 0	0	0 0	23 1 0						
May	16-31	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	1,318 1,124 4 253	22 0 0	3 0 0	0 0	26 0 0						
June	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	71 ⁴ 1,561 9 71	9 1 0 0	5 0 0 0	2000	16 1 0 0						
June	16-30	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	1,604 1,142 390 14	10 0 1 0	11 1 0 0	0 0	22 1 1 0						
July	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	2,151 862 28,648 57	36 1 150 0	15 0 63 0	7 0 43 0	58 1 256 0						
July	16-31	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	1,322 743 29,908 148	18 0 829 1	4 0 205 0	5 1 209 0	27 1 1,243						
Aug.	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	3,409 1,161 4,896 730	32 0 196 1	22 0 62 1	19 1 64 0	73 1 322 2						
Aug.	16-31	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead	1,557 2,073 731 1,186	32 1 27 6	12 0 8 0	6 1 4 1	50 2 39 7						
Sept.	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead Coho	693 4,860 154 1,202	17 3 2 0	10000	1 0 0 0	19 3 2 0						
	16-30	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelnead Coho	401 3,678 19 1,432 12	3 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	3 0 0 0	0 1 0 1						
Oct.	1-15	Chinook Chinook jacks Sockeye Steelhead Coho	177 1,296 9 900 3	0 0 0 0	0000	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0						
Oct.	16-30	Chinook Chinook jacks Steelhead Coho	188 680 699 2	1 0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 0 1 0						
To	tals		106,554	1,423	414	372	2,209						

2 percent, had injuries (table 21). This is compared to an injury incidence of about 0.5 percent in 1962. Since the counters could see only the top and one side of each fish, the incidence of injury might have been greater than observed. Of the total number of injured fish observed in 1963, about 64, 19, and 17 percent were recorded in the left, middle and right ladders, respectively. These percentages agree roughly with the percentages of the runs using each of the ladders.

As in 1962, the greatest number of injuries were observed on the large chinook and sockeye salmon. In the 2-week period July 16-31, 29,908 sockeye were counted through the fishways and injuries were noted on approximately 4 percent of the fish. In the same period in 1962, the incidence of injuries on sockeye salmon amounted to approximately 0.2 percent

Circular cuts or abrasions were the most numerous injuries observed at Rock Island Dam in 1963. Pathologic examination of these injuries by personnel of College of Fisheries, University of Washington, indicated a very high incidence of <u>Bacillus columnaris</u> disease in the cut and abraded areas.

In 1963, 156 chinook salmon bearing numbered Peterson disk tags were counted through the fishways at Rock Island Dam. These fish had been trapped and tagged by Washington Department of Fisheries personnel at Priest Rapids Dam, located approximately 52 miles downstream from Rock Island Dam. Purpose of the tagging experiment was to determine proper time for trapping fall chinook salmon for stocking the Priest Rapids-Wanapum spawning channel.

One chinook salmon with a small red disk tag attached just below the dorsal fin, of a kind not employed at Priest Rapids, was observed at Rock Island.

On July 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, and 24, 731 sockeye were trapped and identified with numbered Peterson disk tags at the left ladder at Rock Island Dam. These fish were released into the Rock Island pool approximately onequarter mile above the dam. An additional 117 sockeye were trapped at the left ladder, marked with a pressure sprayed fluorescent paint, and released at the same location as the tagged fish. The painted mark was on the left side and about 1 inch in diameter. This tagging and marking program was conducted by Bureau of Commercial Fisheries as part of an evaluation study of fish passage facilities at Rocky Reach Dam, located approximately 26 miles upstream from Rock Island Dam.

The middle fish ladder at Rock Island Dam was inoperative from May 1-20, due to low tailwater conditions. During this period modifications were made to the fishway entrance and rise in tailwater on May 21 permitted resumption of ladder operation. Prior to counting on

May 1, modifications also were made to the left fish ladder.

To secure information regarding night movement of fish at Rock Island Dam, limited counting was conducted at the left fish ladder on July 19, between 9 p.m. and 11:30 p.m. Artificial light was used to permit identification of fish moving over the counting board. Twenty-six sockeye, one chinook, tensuckers, twelve squawfish, and seven whitefish migrated up the ladder in that night period.

On August 8, modifications were made to the water supply conduit at the middle ladder to increase the flow of auxiliary water. An increase in fish movement through the ladder was noted.

On August 27, the west side entrance of the middle ladder was opened and additional auxiliary water provided.

The right ladder was closed on September 1, and reopened on the same day. Closure was made in order to permit removal of debris.

Frequent inspections were made of fishway operations by State and Federal personnel throughout the counting season.

SUMMARY

- 1. The total Rock Island count of salmon and steelhead in 1963 was 106,554, about 34,800 more than in 1962.
- 2. The chinook salmon count of 34,688 (jacks included) in 1963 greatly exceeded the mean of 16,777 for the 30-year period 1933-62 and was about 500 more than in 1962 and more than one-half the peak year of 1957. In 1963, 19,409 jacks were recorded, representing about 56 percent of that year's total of chinook salmon counted. In 1962, jacks represented about 21 percent of the chinook run.
- 3. The sockeye count of 64,768 in 1963 was about 13,600 more than the 30-year mean of 51,164 and exceeded the 1962 count by about 35,500 fish.
- 4. The coho salmon count of 20 fish in 1963 was about 25 percent of the 30-year mean of 83 fish and less than 3 percent of the 1962 count of 737 fish.
- 5. The steelhead count of 7,078 in 1963 was slightly more than twice the 30-year mean of 3,336 and was about 500 less than recorded in 1962.
- 6. In 1963, as in previous years, more salmon and steelhead used the left bank fish ladder than either of the other ladders.
- 7. Fish counting in 1963 began May 1 and terminated October 30. From May 1 through August 31, counting was conducted for 16 hours each day; from September 1 through October 30, 14 hours each day (6 a.m. to 8 p.m.) to conform with the daylight available.

- 8. In 1963, maximum number of salmonids counted in 1 day (4,743) was on July 15.
- 9. Season's total of fish other than salmon and steelhead trout passing Rock Island Dam in 1963 was 137,367, about 30,800 more than salmon and steelhead. The following were recorded: sucker, 95,423; squawfish, 15,221; whitefish, 17,240; chub, 6,266; carp, 351; shad, 2; Dolly Varden and rainbow trout, 66; and lamprey, 2,798.
- 10. All salmon and steelhead were examined for injuries as they passed over the counting boards. Only the top and one side could be seen by the counter. About 2 percent had injuries, and most of the injured fish were observed in July and August. Large chinook and sockeye salmon suffered a higher rate of injury than small chinooks, cohos, and steelheads. In 1962, about 0.5 percent exhibited some type of injury.

MS #1390





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